



SCIENTIFIC GROUP ON INTESTINAL PROTOZOAN  
AND HELMINTHIC INFECTIONS

Geneva, 27 October - 1 November 1980

Draft agenda items 3 and 4.3.2



REVIEW OF RECENT ADVANCES IN KNOWLEDGE OF THERAPY OF HUMAN  
INTESTINAL PARASITIC INFECTIONS

by

D. Botero

Professor of Parasitology

School of Medicine, University of Antioquia, Medellín, Colombia

REFERENCES

- Amato-Neto, V. et al. Observacoes iniciaes sobre a eficacia do oxipirantel no tratamento de tricocefaliase. Rev. Inst. Med.trop. Sao Paulo, 18:261-63 (1976).
- A.M.A. Drug Evaluations. 4th ed. American Medical Association, Chicago, Illinois, pp.1379-1426, 1980.
- Botero, D. Epidemiology and public health importance of intestinal nematode infections in Latin America. Progress in drug research, 19:28-43, Birkhauser Verlag, Basel and Stuttgart (1975).
- Botero, D. Clinical trial methodology in intestinal parasitic diseases. Clinical pharmacology and therapeutics, 19:630-637 (1976).
- Botero, D. Chemotherapy of human intestinal parasitic diseases. Annual review of pharmacology and toxicology, 18:1-15 (1978).
- Botero, D. Posibilidades de control de las geohelmintiasis mediante tratamientos en masa. Boletin chileno de parasitologia, 34:39-43 (1979).
- Botero, D. Why the intestinal parasitic infections still persist in Latin America. Bulletin of the Pan American Health Organization (in press) (1980).
- Bylund, G. et al. Tests with a new compound (praziquantel) against Diphyllobothrium latum. Journal of helminthology, 51:115-119 (1977).
- Davis, A. Drug treatment of intestinal helminthiasis. Geneva, World Health Organization, 125 pp., 1973.
- Davis, A., Biles, J.E. & Ulrich, A.M. Initial experiences with praziquantel in the treatment of human infections due to Schistosoma haematobium. Bulletin of the World Health Organization, 57:773-779 (1979).
- Garcia, E.G. Treatment of trichuriasis with oxantel. American journal of tropical medicine and hygiene, 25:914-915 (1976).

The issue of this document does not constitute formal publication. It should not be reviewed, abstracted or quoted without the agreement of the World Health Organization. Authors alone are responsible for views expressed in signed articles.

Ce document ne constitue pas une publication. Il ne doit faire l'objet d'aucun compte rendu ou résumé ni d'aucune citation sans l'autorisation de l'Organisation Mondiale de la Santé. Les opinions exprimées dans les articles signés n'engagent que leurs auteurs.

- Groll, E. General scope of treatment with praziquantel (Embay 8440) in human cestode infections. Boletín chileno de parasitología, 32:27-31 (1977).
- Katz, N., Rocha, R.S. & Chaves, A. Preliminary trials with praziquantel in human infections due to Schistosoma mansoni. Bulletin of the World Health Organization, 57:781-785 (1979).
- Rim, H.J. et al. Effect of oxantel/pyrantel pamoate tablets against intestinal nematodes in Korea. Journal of parasitology, 16:14-20 (1978).
- Rim, H.J. Therapeutic effects of praziquantel (Embay 8440) against Taenia solium infection. Korean journal of parasitology, 17:67-72 (1979).
- Robles, C. & Chavarria, M. Un case de cisticercosis cerebral curado médicamente. Gaceta medica de México, 116:65-71 (1980).
- Santos, A.T. et al. Preliminary clinical trials with praziquantel in Schistosoma japonicum infections in the Philippines. Bulletin of the World Health Organization, 57:793-799 (1979).
- Sawyer, P.R. et al. Tinidazole: A review of its antiprotozoal activity and therapeutic efficacy. Drugs, 11:423-440 (1976).
- Schenone, H. et al. Flubendazole en al tratamiento de infecciones por nematodes intestinales en niños. Boletín chileno de parasitología, 32:85-86 (1977).
- Spina-Franca, A. & Nobrega, J.P.S. Neurocisticercose e praziquantel. Revista paulista de medicina, 95:34-36 (1980).
- Thomas, H. & Andrews, P. Praziquantel. A new cestocide. Pesticide science, 8:556-560 (1977).
- Van den Bossche, H. Chemotherapy of parasitic infections. Nature, 273:626-630 (1978).